

 Public Procurement Policy (Preference to Make In India) Order 2017: The Government of India has issued revised Public Procurement (Preference to Make in India) order 2017 on 16<sup>th</sup> Sep' 2020 as part of its policy to encourage "Make in India" and promote manufacturing and production of goods and services in India with a view to enhancing income and employment. Subject to the provisions of this order and to any specific instructions issued by Nodal Ministry or in pursuance of this order, Purchase Preference shall be given to local suppliers in all the procurements undertaken by MDL in the manner specified below:

(a) **Aspects of 'Preference to Make in India':** The following terminology / definitions used in the policy is enumerated below and applicable to the tender:

(i) Local content: means the amount of value added in India which shall be the total value of item (goods, services or works or their combination) under procurement (excluding net domestic indirect taxes) minus the value of imported content in the item (including all customs duties) as a proportion of the total value in percent. Different definition of Local Content may be specified by the Nodal Ministry for items assigned to them, which will prevail over above.

Note:

- **a.** The local content can be increased by vendors through partnerships, cooperation with local companies, establishing production units in India or Joint Ventures (JV) with Indian suppliers, increasing the participation of local employees in services and training them.
- **b.** Any participating bidder shall not be Joint Venture/Consortium; except in case of manufacture under license/technology collaboration agreements with phased indigenization under the PPP Make-in-India Policy 2017.
- (ii) **Class-I Local Supplier:** means a supplier or service provider, whose goods, services or works offered for procurement, meets the minimum local content of 50%.
- (iii) **Class-II Local Supplier:** means a supplier or service provider, whose goods, services or works offered for procurement, meets the minimum local content of 20% but less than that prescribed for "Class-I local supplier".
- (iv) Non-Local Supplier: means a supplier or service provider, whose goods, services or works offered for procurement, has local content less than that prescribed for "Class-II local supplier" under this order.
- (v) L1: means the lowest tender or lowest bid or lowest quotation received in a tender, bidding process or other procurement solicitation as adjudged in the evaluation process as per the tender or other procurement solicitation.
- (vi) Margin of Purchase Preference: means the maximum extent to which the price quoted by a Class-I Local Supplier may be above the L1 for the purpose of purchase preference. The margin of purchase preference shall be 20%. Note:
  - (i) Procedure for determination of L1 price shall be as per tender clause' Ranking of Bids'.
  - (ii) Purchase preference shall be given to **Class-I local supplier only**. No Purchase Preference will be given to Class-II or Non-Local Suppliers.
  - (iii) If Price/s of all class-I local supplier/s in a tender is more than 20% of L1's price, no purchase preference shall be applicable.

(b) Eligibility Criteria to bid: (Shall be as per respective Tender Document) Class I and Class II local Supplier are eligible to bid for this tender (Non-Local Supplier shall be categorically rejected)

**Parallel contract**: The tender requirement is for Parallel Contract / Order basis in the ratio of 60:40. The Purchase Preference to MSE & Class I suppliers shall be as per PPP Order shall be applicable.



**Minimum local content:** The "local content" requirement to categorize a supplier as "Class-I local supplier" is minimum 50%. For "Class-II local supplier", the "local content" requirement is minimum 20%.

- (c) **Purchase Preference(PP):** 
  - a) Purchase preference shall be given to only "Class-I Local Supplier" (Class II Local Supplier are not eligible for purchase preference) in procurements undertaken in the manner specified in the succeeding sub-paras:
  - b) The Class-I local suppliers, under PPP-MII Order, participating in any government tender, may or may not be MSEs, as defined under the MSME Act. Similarly, MSEs participating in any government tender, may or may not be Class-I local suppliers. Suppliers may be categorised in following four broad categories for consideration or applicability of purchase preference:

Category	Terminology
Supplier is both MSE & Class-I local supplier.	"MSE Class-I local
	supplier"
Supplier is MSE but not Class-I local supplier.	"MSE but non-Class-l local
	supplier"
Supplier is not MSE but is Class-I local supplie	r. "Non-MSE but Class-I local
	supplier"
Supplier is neither MSE nor Class-I local.	"Non-MSE non-Class-I
	local supplier"

- c) In the procurement covered by para above (Para 3(a) of PPP-MII Order, 2017) for which Nodal Ministry has notified sufficient local capacity and competition, only Class-I local suppliers are eligible to bid irrespective of purchase value. Hence, Class-II local suppliers or Non-local suppliers, including MSEs which are Class-II local suppliers/ Non-local suppliers, are not eligible to bid. Purchase preference shall be accorded as under:
  - i) L-1 is "MSE Class-I local supplier": 100% of the tendered quantity shall be awarded to L-1.
  - ii) L-1 is "Non-MSE but Class-I local supplier"(Divisible in nature): Purchase preference shall be given to MSEs as per PPP-MSE Order. Balance quantity be awarded to the L-1 bidder.
  - iii) L-1 is "Non-MSE but Class-I local supplier" (Non-Divisible in nature): Purchase preference shall be given to lowest quoting MSE Class-I local supplier as per PPP-MSE Order. If lowest quoting MSE Class-I local supplier does not accept the L-1 rates, the next higher eligible MSE Class-I local supplier is to be given purchase preference and so on. 100% of the tendered quantity shall be awarded to MSE Class-I local supplier accepting L-1 rates. If MSE Class-I local suppliers do not accept L-1 rates, then contract shall be awarded to L-1
- d) In the procurement of goods and services reserved exclusively for procurement from MSEs as per PPP-MSE Order, non-MSEs are not eligible to bid for these items and Purchase preference shall be accorded as under:
  - i) L-1 is "MSE Class-I local supplier": 100% of the tendered quantity shall be awarded to L-1
  - L-1 is "MSE non-Class-I local supplier"(Divisible in nature): Purchase preference shall be given to MSE Class-I local supplier as per PPP-MII Order. Balance quantity be awarded to L-1 bidder.
  - iii) L-1 is "MSE non-Class-I local supplier" (Non-Divisible in nature): First opportunity shall be given to lowest quoting "MSE Class-I local supplier" for matching L-1 bidder as per PPP-MII Order for 100% of the tendered



quantity and if lowest quoting "MSE Class-I local supplier" does not accept the L-1 rates, the next higher eligible "MSE Class-I local supplier" is to be given purchase preference and so on. If all "MSE Class-I local suppliers" decline to accept the L-1 rates, then contract shall be awarded to L-1 for 100% of the tendered quantity.

- e) In the procurement of goods or services which are divisible in nature (Para 3A(b) of PPP-MII Order), both MSEs as well as Class-I local suppliers are eligible for purchase preference and the Purchase preference shall be accorded as under:
  - i) L-1 is "MSE Class-I local supplier": 100% of the tendered quantity shall be awarded to L-1
  - ii) L-1 is "Non-MSE but Class-I local supplier": Purchase preference shall be given to MSEs, if eligible, as per PPP-MSE Order. Balance quantity be awarded to L-1 bidder.
  - iii) L-1 is "MSE but non-Class-I local supplier": Purchase preference shall be given to Class-I local suppliers, if eligible, as per PPP-MII Order. Balance quantity be awarded to L-1 bidder.
  - iv) L-1 is "Non-MSE non-Class-I local supplier": Firstly, Purchase preference shall be given to MSEs as per PPP-MSE Order. Thereafter, purchase preference is to be given to Class-I local suppliers for "50% of the tendered quantity minus quantity allotted to MSEs above" as per PPP-MII Order. For the balance quantity, contract be awarded to L-1 bidder. (Kindly refer to the illustrative example in the MoF, DoE OM at Enclosure-II).
- f) In the procurement of goods, services which are covered by para above and which are not divisible in nature, and in procurement of services where the bid is evaluated on price alone (Items covered under Para 3A(c) of PPP-MII Order, 2017) and both MSEs as well as Class-I local suppliers are eligible for purchase preference Purchase preference shall be accorded as under:
  - i) L-1 is "MSE Class-I local supplier": Contract shall be awarded to L-1.
  - ii) L-1 is not "MSE Class-I local supplier " but the "MSE Class-I local supplier" falls within 15% margin of purchase preference. Purchase preference shall be given to lowest quoting "MSE Class-I local supplier". If lowest quoting "MSE Class-I local supplier" does not accept the L-1 rates, the next higher "MSE Class-I local supplier" falling within 15% margin of purchase preference is to be given purchase preference and so on. If all "MSE Class-I local supplier" do not accept L-1 rates, then Para 1(c)(f)(iii) shall be followed.
  - iii) If conditions mentioned in sub Paras 1(c)(f) (i) and 1(c)(f) (ii) above are not met i.e. L1 is not "MSE Class-I local supplier" and "MSE Class-I local supplier" is not eligible to take benefit of purchase preference as per PPP-MSE Order or all "MSE Class-I local supplier" do not accept L-1 rates, the contract is to be awarded / purchase preference to be given in different possible scenarios as under:
    - a) L-1 is "MSE but non-Class-I local supplier" or "Non-MSE but Class-I local supplier": Contract be awarded to L-1.
    - b) L-1 is "Non-MSE non-Class-I local supplier": Firstly, purchase preference shall be given to eligible MSE as per PPP-MSE Order. If MSEs not eligible or does not accept then purchase preference to be given to eligible Class- I Local supplier as per PPP-MII Order. If Class-I Local supplier is also not eligible or does not accept then contract be awarded to L-1.



- g) Non-local suppliers, including MSEs falling in the category of Non-local suppliers, shall be eligible to bid only against Global Tender Enquiry.
- h) Parallel Contracts: In case of parallel contracts tender also Purchase Preference to MSE & Class I Suppliers shall be applicable and shall be accorded in accordance with para 3B Order Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017 dtd 16.09.2020 or amended thereon. Note:

It is to be noted that there is a difference between Items in a tender "being separable / inseparable" or "being divisible / non-divisible". MDL SAP generated PR has provision for indicating whether scope is separable / inseparable in nature which is required for deciding criteria for ranking of bids i.e. on item-wise or on group wise or on overall basis. Similarly, MDL SAP generated PR also has provision for indicating tendered items are divisible / non-divisible i.e. placing parallel contract of particular item and / or service on multiple suppliers i.e. quantities can be divided at item level between multiple suppliers. Accordingly, tender should clearly specify ranking criteria as applicable, divisibility as one or more of the following and appropriately applicable Purchase preference:

a. Items/ group of items whether separable and whether ranking will be on item / group wise quote.

b. Items/ Group of items whether divisible and whether ranking will be on item / group wise quote or on overall basis.

c. Combination of above. (items above means scope of tender and includes items, services & works)

#### (d) **Declaration/Verification of Local content:**

(i) Participating bidders to indicate the percentage of local content (i.e. value added in India) along with the details of location/s where the local value addition is made, in their bids, item wise or tender wise. The indicated local content percentage shall decide categorization of the vendors as "Class-I Local Supplier" / "Class-II Local Supplier" / "Non-local Supplier". All bidders should declare that the item and service offered meets the minimum local content & indicate its percentage in their offer which shall meet or excel required local content specified in tender. This declaration is necessary even if Custom Duty Exemption and / or ERV (if applicable) are not being sought. Certification as under is to be submitted mandatorily in technical Offer-Part-I bid.

Self-certification by Chief Financial Officer or Other legally responsible person nominated in writing by the Chief Executive or Senior Member / Person with Management Responsibility of Corporation / Partnership / Individual. However, in cases of procurement for value in excess of Rs. 10 Crores, the bidders shall provide a certificate from statutory auditor or cost auditor of the company (in case of companies) or from a practicing cost accountant or practicing charted accountant (in respect of supplier other than companies) giving the percentage of local content.

- (ii) Bidders to be noted that once the declaration / certification is committed at tender submission stage, the same cannot be altered subsequently at technical negotiation stage or after award of contract otherwise would be treated / considered as false declaration by bidder and necessary action shall be initiated as per tender clause 'Debarment of bidders / suppliers' of the said Order for debarment.
- (iii) Declared Local Content shall be the basis for categorization of the vendors and tender evaluation. However, MDL reserves the right to undertake detailed examination of declared local content and may call vendor to submit relevant documents.
- (iv) In cases where MDL received the complaint from any vendor or person, along with the fees prescribed below, verification of Declared Local Content shall be carried out by seeking additional info as deemed necessary and the bidders (including unsuccessful bidders) against the tender shall be obliged to furnish the necessary documents. Failing to do so, the vendor may invite penal action as per the provisions of the Order.



If MDL possess the capability, then it shall perform the verification. However, if in the opinion of MDL matter needs to be dealt at higher level, then the complaint shall be referred to Nodal Ministry and their fees / expenses / charges applicable as per the Nodal Ministry, if any, shall be borne by the complainant. MDL is authorized to prescribe fees for handling complaints under revised PPP MII 2017 Order. The fees for filing a complaint under the order shall be Rs. 10,000/- per case. The complaint shall be filed to the Chairman, Public Grievance Cell. The fee shall be deposited by complainant in MDL's Account by NEFT.

- (v) On scrutiny of offer, if all the bidders participating in the tender happen to have either not submitted the declaration certificate or not declared / specified the local content percentage in the declaration certificate or specified local content lower than the minimum local content requirement as per the tender, the subject tender shall be cancelled & matter shall be taken up with Ministry, by the user department, as per the procedure indicated at above Purchase Preference Para or as amended by MoD / DPIIT / DoE.
- (vi) On opening of the price bids, if it is identified that there is difference in local content declaration made & local content percentage as per price quoted is now not meeting (i.e. lesser than) the specified tender requirement (i.e. only on the quoted price without any loading) then such bidder shall be disqualified and shall not be considered for ranking purpose. The bid would be treated / considered as given false declaration and necessary action for debarment shall be initiated.

**Note:** The original of the uploaded copy of Local Content Declaration shall be received in MDL within seven MDL working days from the tender closing date. Not receipt of the same is a "liable for bid rejection" criteria.

#### (e) **PPP MSE Order 2012:**

Purchase Preference under PPP MSE Order 2012 shall prevail over Purchase preference under PPP MII Order 2017. Bidders to be noted that, in case of participation of MSE and Local Supplier against a same tender, MSE bidder will be given preference over other bidders to match with L1 bidder provided it has chosen Purchase Preference under PPP MSE Order 2012 in the tender & it is meeting Purchase Preference Criteria as per Public Procurement Policy for MSEs Order 2012. Bidder has to indicate his choice for Purchase Preference which will not be permitted to be changed once bid is opened.

Purchase Preference under PPP MSE Order 2012 shall prevail over Purchase preference under PPP MII Order 2017 and Purchase preference shall be accorded as per para 27(c)(a).

#### (f) **Price negotiation & contract placement:**

- (i) MDL has right to negotiate with L1 bidders on the quoted prices. However, it shall be ensured that Local Content percentage as declared by the vendor is maintained or increased but not reduced.
- (ii) After the contract is awarded and the supplies are completed, the supplier shall provide a "Local content certificate" (in the format provided at the time of PO placement) declaring the actual Local content percentage achieved while executing the contract. In case of failure to provide Local Content Certificate for the executed order within reasonable time, the issue be referred for debarment.

*Note:* In cases of procurement for value in excess of Rs. 10 Crores, the supplier shall provide a Local Content certificate (in the format provided at the time of PO placement) from statutory auditor or cost auditor of the company (in case of companies) or from a practicing cost accountant or practicing charted accountant (in respect of supplier other than companies) giving the percentage of local content.

(iii) Supplier shall be intimated that the supporting documentation towards realization of committed Local Content as per the contract / order terms & conditions shall be maintained for a period of seven years from the date of completion of the contract for



audit purpose. Nodal Ministry may constitute committees with internal & external experts for independent verification of self-declarations and auditor's / accountant's certificates on random basis and in the case of complaints.

**Note:** The Actual Local Content Certificate as above, shall be mandatorily submitted by the successful bidder post execution of PO.

#### (g) Debarment of bidders / suppliers:

- (i) False declaration will be in breach of Code of Integrity under Rule 175(1)(i)(h) of GFR 2017 for which a bidder or its successors can be debarred for up to 2 years as per Rule 151(iii) of GFR 2017 along with such other actions as may be permissible under law.
- (ii) A supplier who has been debarred by any procuring entity for violation of said Order shall not be eligible for preference under said Order for procurement by any other procuring entity for the duration of debarment. The debarment for such other procuring entities shall take effect prospectively from the date on which it comes to the notice of other procurement entities, in such a manner that ongoing procurements are not disrupted.
- (h) Reciprocity Clause: Entities of countries which have been identified by the nodal Ministry/ Department as not allowing Indian companies to participate in their Government procurement for any item related to that nodal Ministry shall not be allowed to participate in Government procurement in India for all items related to that nodal Ministry/ Department, except for the list of items published by the Ministry/ Department permitting their participation.
- 2. Purchase Preference to MSEs: MDL reserves its option to give purchase preference to MSEs compared to the non-MSE enterprises as per policies of the Government from time to time. This preference shall only apply to products produced and services rendered by Micro and Small Enterprises. If an MSE bidder quotes a price within the band of the lowest (L-1) +15 percent in a situation where the L-1 price is quoted by someone other than an MSE, the MSE bidders are eligible for being awarded up to 25 percent of the total quantity being procured if they agree to match the L-1 price. In case of more than one such eligible MSE, this 25 percent quantity shall be distributed proportionately among these bidders. In case of tender items are Inseparable/non-divisible, 100% quantity will be awarded to MSE bidder.



Public Procurement Policy (MII Order 2017 and MSE Order 2012)

#### Enclosure-A

#### DECLARATION CERTIFICATE FOR LOCAL CONTENT (Tender value Less than Rs 10 Crores)

This declaration must form part of all tenders & it contains general information and serves as a declaration form for all bidders. (Before completing this declaration, bidders must study the General Conditions, Definitions, Govt. Directives applicable in respect of Local Content & prescribed tender conditions).

LOCAL CONTENT DECLARATION BY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OR OTHER LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE PERSON NOMINATED IN WRITING BY THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OR SENIOR MEMBER/PERSON WITH MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY (CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP OR INDIVIDUAL)

IN RESPECT OF BID/ TENDER No: \_\_\_\_\_

ISSUED BY: Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders Limited

NB: The obligation to complete, duly sign and submit this declaration cannot be transferred to an external authorized representative, auditor or any other third party acting on behalf of the bidder.

I, the undersigned, ..... (full names),

(a) The facts contained herein are within my own personal knowledge.

(b) I have read and understood the requirement of local content (LC) and same is specified as percentage calculated in accordance with the definition provided at clause 2 of revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017.

"Local content" as per above order means the amount of value added in India which shall be the total value of items procured (excluding net domestic indirect taxes) minus the value of imported content in the item (including all customs duties) as a proportion of the total value in percent."

(c) I have satisfied myself that the goods/services/works to be delivered in terms of the above specified bid comply with the local content requirements as specified in the tender for 'Class-I Local Supplier' / 'Class-II Local Supplier', and as above.

(d) I understand that a bidder can seek benefit either Public Procurement Policy for MSEs –Order 2012 or Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017 and/or both and once the option is declared / selected it is not permitted to be modified subsequently. Accordingly, I seek the benefit from the below declared purchase preference policy.



## Public Procurement Policy (MII Order 2017 and MSE Order 2012)

i. I seek benefits against the following policy:				
1) PPI	P MSE Order 2012	(Applicable for MSE manufacturers)		
	L			
2) PPI	P MII 2017	(Applicable for Class I suppliers as well		
		as MSE manufacturers)		
(Note: If not declared / selected is shall be deemed that Purchase Preference benefit is sought under PPP MII 2017 policy.)				
	• •			
(e) I he local cor	ntent calculated using the	definition given above are as under:		
Tender Item	Local content calculated	Location of local value addition		
Sr. No	as above %	(Location shall be the specified as name of city or		
		district, etc.)		
Attach separ	ate sheet duly signed if th	e space not sufficient.		
Note 1: Local co	intent percentage shall be	declared item wise or tender wise strictly as per the terms		
of the tender.	intent percentage enalise			
Note 2. The Actual Least Content Contificate (to be previded at the time of DO placement), shall be				
Note 2: The Actual Local Content Certificate (to be provided at the time of PO placement), shall be mandatorily submitted by the successful bidder post execution of PO.				
(f) Laccont that t	be Producement Authority	/ Institution / MDL / Nodal Ministry has the right to request		
· · ·	•	rms of the requirements of revised Public Procurement		
		17 dated 16.09.2020 and I shall furnish the document /		
		rt to furnish the data will be treated as false declaration as		
		ntract being awarded, I undertake to retain the relevant		
uocuments for /	years from date of execu	uon.		
		correct data, or data that are not verifiable as described in		
revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017, may result in the Procurement				
Authority / Nodal Ministry / MDL imposing any or all of the remedies as provided for in Clause 9 of the Revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017 dated 16.09.2020.				
SIGNATURE:		DATE:		
Seal / Stamp of	Seal / Stamp of Bidder			



Public Procurement Policy (MII Order 2017 and MSE Order 2012)

#### Enclosure-B

#### DECLARATION CERTIFICATE FOR LOCAL CONTENT (Tender value More than Rs 10 Crores)

This declaration must form part of all tenders & it contains general information and serves as a declaration form for all bidders. (Before completing this declaration, bidders must study the General Conditions, Definitions, Govt. Directives applicable in respect of Local Content & prescribed tender conditions).

THE BIDDERS SHALL PROVIDE THIS CERTIFICATE FROM STATUTORY AUDITOR OR COST AUDITOR OF THE COMPANY (IN CASE OF COMPANIES) OR FROM A PRACTICING COST ACCOUNTANT OR PRACTICNG CHARTED ACCOUNTANT (IN RESPECT OF SUPPLIER OTHER THAN COMPANIES) GIVING THE PERCENTAGE OF LOCAL CONTENT.

IN RESPECT OF BID/ TENDER No: \_\_\_\_\_

ISSUED BY: Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders Limited

NB: The obligation to complete, duly sign and submit this declaration cannot be transferred to an external authorized representative, auditor or any other third party acting on behalf of the bidder.

I, the undersigned, ..... (full names),

(a) The facts contained herein are within my own personal knowledge.

(b) I have read and understood the requirement of local content (LC) and same is specified as percentage calculated in accordance with the definition provided at clause 2 of revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017.

"Local content" as per above order means the amount of value added in India which shall be the total value of items procured (excluding net domestic indirect taxes) minus the value of imported content in the item (including all customs duties) as a proportion of the total value in percent."

(c) I have satisfied myself that the goods/services/works to be delivered in terms of the above specified bid comply with the local content requirements as specified in the tender for 'Class-I Local Supplier' / 'Class-II Local Supplier', and as above.

(d) I understand that a bidder can seek benefit either Public Procurement Policy for MSEs –Order 2012 or Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017 and/or both and once the option is declared / selected it is not permitted to be modified subsequently. Accordingly, I seek the benefit from the below declared purchase preference policy.



## Public Procurement Policy (MII Order 2017 and MSE Order 2012)

ii. I seek benefits against the following policy:			
1) PPI	P MSE Order 2012	(Applicable for MSE manufacturers)	
2) PPP MII 2017		(Applicable for Class I suppliers as well as MSE manufacturers) deemed that Purchase Preference benefit is sought under	
PPP MII 2017 policy.)			
(e) The local content calculated using the definition given above are as under:			
Tender Item Sr. No	Local content calculated as above %	Location of local value addition (Location shall be the specified as name of city or	
		district, etc.)	
Attach coparato	shoot duly signed if the sp	aco not sufficient	
Attach separate sheet duly signed if the space not sufficient. Note 1: Local content percentage shall be declared item wise or tender wise strictly as per the terms			
of the tender.			
Note 2: The Actual Local Content Certificate (to be provided at the time of PO placement), shall be mandatorily submitted by the successful bidder post execution of PO.			
(f) I accept that the Procurement Authority / Institution / MDL / Nodal Ministry has the right to request that the local content be verified in terms of the requirements of revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017 dated 16.09.2020 and I shall furnish the document / information on demand. Failure on my part to furnish the data will be treated as false declaration as per PPP MII Order 2017. In case of contract being awarded, I undertake to retain the relevant documents for 7 years from date of execution.			
(g) I understand that the submission of incorrect data, or data that are not verifiable as described in revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017, may result in the Procurement Authority / Nodal Ministry / MDL imposing any or all of the remedies as provided for in Clause 9 of the Revised Public Procurement (preference to Make in India) Order 2017 dated 16.09.2020.			
SIGNATURE: _		DATE:	
Seal / Stamp of Bidder			



Public Procurement Policy (MII Order 2017 and MSE Order 2012)